

mus did not represent the ward, and presented a letter from the three newly elected men, who are not to be seated until September, endorsing Mr. Welsh. He did not read the letter.

How they voted.

The first ballot resulted as follows: For Mr. Goode: Aldermen—Alkinson, Butler, Cottrell, Gilman, Grundy, Melton, Mitchell, Moore, Patram, Powers, Richardson, Spence—12. Councilmen—Batkings, Boschen, Burke, Davis, Ferguson, Gentry, Gill, Huber, Jones, Mills, Polard, J. C. Powers, T. D. Powers, Richards, Rogers, Umlauf, Whitshir, Wise, Workman, Peters—20.

For Mr. Welsh: Aldermen—Adams, Bennett, Donahoe, Ellett, Hobson, Kain, Moncre, Nelson, Perdue, Reynolds, Whitte—11. Councilmen—Bradley, Brown, Don Leavy, Fuller, Garber, Hirschberg, Hobson, Lynch, Miller, Mitchell, Pollock, Powell, Ratcliffe, Steade, Richardson, Selph, Tucker—17.

The total vote as announced was—Goode, 32; Welsh, 28.

President Whitte ruled that there had been no election, and although Mr. Goode led in each branch, he had failed to get a majority of all the members elected in each branch.

A second ballot was taken with the same result throughout. It was not until the roll had been called three times that Councilman Don Leavy and Hobson changed from Welsh to Goode, and Alderman Whitte changed from Welsh to Goode, making a majority in each branch. Messrs. Moncre and Selph also changed, making the final vote as announced: Welsh—Aldermen, 14; Councilmen, 14. Goode—Aldermen, 14; Councilmen, 23, and Mr. Goode was declared the winner.

**Other Elections.**

Other elections were as follows: Fire Commissioner from Monroe Ward—Charles Keppeler, his opponent, Hiram Smith having withdrawn from the race yesterday afternoon.

Fire Commissioner from Henry Ward—Stanley B. Tyler.

Fire Commissioner from Washington Ward—George E. Gary.

Police Commissioner from Washington Ward—James F. Bradley.

Members of the Board of Health—Dr. W. T. Oppenheimer and Dr. M. D. Hoge, Jr.

**City Officers Re-Elected.**

The following city officers and department heads were re-elected without opposition.

City Chemist—Dr. J. M. Whitfield.

City Clerk—Ben T. August.

Sergeant-at-Arms—George Channing Ruskell.

Clerk of Council Committee—Alfred H. McDowell.

City Attorney—Henry R. Pollard.

City Engineer—Charles E. Bolling.

Superintendent of the City Home—Dr. R. G. Cabell.

Superintendent of the Gas Works—W. P. Knowles.

Superintendent of the Water Works—E. E. Davis.

Superintendent of Street Cleaning—Henry Cohn.

Building Inspector—Henry P. Beck.

Clerk of the City Auditor—W. S. Reid.

Clerk of the First Market—J. E. Sullivan.

Clerk of the Second Market—Joseph E. Johnston.

Weighmaster—First Market—F. A. Bowry.

Inspector and Gauger—E. W. Joseph.

Grain Measurer—Rudolph Kain.

Clerk of the Police Justice—E. B. White.

Bailiff of Police Court—Larry Gibbons.

Harbor Master—Captain John A. Curtis.

Port Warden—J. W. Meacher, Robert Currie, John J. Buchanan, Captain James B. Harcum.

Collector of Delinquent Taxes—T. C. Walford.

District Physicians—Dr. J. G. Trant, Dr. E. C. Smith, Dr. J. F. Crane, Dr. T. E. Stratton, Dr. L. D. Batkins, Dr. Edward M. McCarthy.

Master plumber as member of the Board of Plumber Examiners—J. H. Chappell.

Journeyman plumber as member of the same board, E. C. Hicks.

## COMPANY ORDERED TO LOWER TARIFFS

(Continued From Fifth Page.)

Local Interest in Decision.

In discussing the rate decision last night a member of the Chamber of Commerce said:

"Some time in the latter part of 1907 the Corporation Commission of the State of North Carolina, on behalf of the cities of Winston-Salem and Durham, filed a complaint with the Interstate Commerce Commission, charging undue discrimination on the part

of the Norfolk and Western Railway against those cities, and, in a general way, asking the rates from the West to Winston-Salem and Durham should be established by the commission on the same basis as the rates from the West to Roanoke and Lynchburg.

"The rates from the West to Roanoke and Lynchburg are the same as the rates to Richmond, Norfolk, Portsmouth and Petersburg, and are the same from the West as to Baltimore, which rates from the West to Roanoke and Lynchburg are fixed not to exceed the rates to the other Virginia cities, which are in accordance with the long and short haul clause of the interstate commerce law, and this condition has existed for a great many years.

"Since the passage of the interstate commerce law in 1887 repeated efforts have been made by Danville and Winston-Salem and Durham to have the rates from the West reduced to the same basis as the rates to the Virginia cities above mentioned, but the Interstate Commerce Commission has always held that the natural advantages of the Virginia cities and the competition as between those cities and Baltimore, which rates from the West to Roanoke and Lynchburg are fixed not to exceed the rates to the other Virginia cities, which are in accordance with the long and short haul clause of the interstate commerce law, and this condition has existed for a great many years.

"In the present instance, because Winston-Salem and Durham are situated on the Norfolk and Western Railway, which reached them through Roanoke and Lynchburg, respectively, the Corporation Commission of the State of North Carolina attacked the rates to those points, asking for the Virginia cities' basis. Evidently the commission still adheres to its former position, as it does not reduce the rates from the West to Winston-Salem and Durham down to the basis applicable to Roanoke and Lynchburg, but simply reduce the rates from Roanoke and Lynchburg to Winston-Salem and Durham down to the rates from the West to Roanoke and Lynchburg in order to make through rates therefrom to Winston-Salem and Durham.

As a result, Winston-Salem and Durham are in no better position when compared with Roanoke and Lynchburg than they were before the complaint asking for the same rates as to Roanoke and Lynchburg.

As a result, Winston-Salem and Durham have heretofore been the same from Norfolk, Portsmouth, Petersburg, Richmond, Lynchburg and Roanoke, which rates from the West to Roanoke and Lynchburg are fixed not to exceed the rates to the other Virginia cities, which are in accordance with the long and short haul clause of the interstate commerce law, and this condition has existed for a great many years.

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This tells the story—Wash Suits that don't shrink under any test.

For boys from 8 to 10 years. Prices from 95c to \$3.50.

Other summer things for boys:

Athletic Underwear—

Blouse waists—

Khaki Pants and Waists—

Ties and Scarfs—

Eton and Turnover Collars—

Bathing Suits—

Serge Suits—

Cassimere Suits—

Wash Pants—

Rain Coats—

Straw and Crush Hats—

The Famous Berry Caps—

Shoes like the Mens.

Everything for the boys comfortable, good looks at a price and of the quality that spells economy.

Middy Blouse and Ties for boys and girls.

*C. H. Denryle*

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"It will be easily seen, therefore, that a large amount of revenue of the railways serving the Carolinas is involved, and it follows that the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission is very far-reaching in its effect.

**MEETS IN LYNCHBURG.**

Regular Meeting of Virginia Society of Public Accountants.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Lynchburg, Va., July 7.—The regular quarterly meeting of the Virginia Society of Public Accountants convened here to-day with George Mahon, of Lynchburg, as presiding officer in the absence of President W. P. Hilton, of Norfolk. Twelve members of the body were present and several more are expected before the session is over. The following reached the city last night to attend the convention:

Major W. McK. Evans, E. A. Barber, H. B. Boudar, G. B. Wilson, A. W. Pullen, F. C. Hudson and E. H. Leitch, of Richmond; A. Lee Rawlings, W. R. Tolloch and C. H. Tufts, of Norfolk, and George Mahon, of this city.

Officers of the society, whose object is to promote the profession of public accountants and to unite in one organization all the accountants of the State, are: W. P. Hilton, of Norfolk, president; George Mahon, of Lynchburg, vice-president; E. A. Barber, of Richmond, secretary, and W. McK. Evans, of Richmond, treasurer.

The society holds a meeting every quarter for the discussion of business and the examination of accountants.

The morning session was taken up with purely routine business, the reading of reports and other intimate affairs of the organization. During the afternoon meeting there were read interesting papers on technical subjects by Major Evans and Mr. Rawlings, of Richmond, and Mr. Mahon, of Lynchburg.

Following the adjournment of the afternoon session the members of the society took an automobile ride to Ebonsboro and this evening at 8 o'clock there was a dinner at the Hotel Carroll.

**FOR TACT, AGAINST CANNON**

Aldrich Also Scorned by South Dakota Republicans.

Sloux Falls, S. D., July 7.—The Republican State Convention, in the section of the platform adopted yesterday with reference to the present administration, gave President Taft much heartier endorsement than was anticipated by any. The President was commended for his declaration of loyalty to what are known as the Roosevelt policies. His administration was endorsed as having read many sublime measures of reform into the statutes.

The convention, in all reference to the Cannon and Aldrich policies, declared against them in strong language.

**WARS ON PETTY GRAFT**

Mayor Glynor Transmits Charges to New York.

New York, July 7.—Mayor Glynor sent to the Board of Aldermen late Tuesday afternoon a message charging that politicians were extorting money in sums of from \$5 to \$500 from persons seeking aldermanic permits for licensing news stands, fruit stands and bootblack stands. The message was fortified by two reports made by investigators.

"Persons applying for these licenses," wrote the Mayor, "cannot get them until they join a political club and pay that club a specific amount of money, or until they pay some political captain a prescribed sum of money. It is too infamous a thing to be permitted to continue, and I ask the privilege of uniting with the honorable members of your board in putting an end to it."

**BAR CORPORATION GIFTS**

Decision of Managers of Republican Campaign in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 7.—The finance committee of the Republican State Committee at its first campaign meeting has decided not to accept contributions from the Republican campaign fund for the purpose of the campaign.

"We realize," said State Chairman Lee, "that the question of funds is a serious one. We do not expect to raise a large fund. In fact, we do not believe it will take a large amount of money to run the campaign."

"The State Committee this year start even, and it hopes, by barelegging and shivering economy, to break even at the end."

**SUCCESSFUL TESTS**

Government Aeroplane Being Tried Out in Texas.

Washington, D. C., July 7.—Flying against winds ranging upwards of fifteen miles an hour, the government aeroplane, purchased from the Wright Brothers and manned by Lieutenant Foulis, was being subjected to a series of interesting tests at Fort Sam Houston, near San Antonio, Tex.

Report received by Chief Signal Officer Allen today from Lieutenant Foulis, covering the month's operations, says that during the early part of June there were flights of from five minutes to fourteen minutes duration against the winds. The work now is being concentrated on perfecting the landing gear, and a system of wheels for the aeroplane and the flights will be resumed in a week or so.

**Importing Strike-Breakers.**

Washington, D. C., July 7.—Strike-breakers are being imported to take the place of union sheet metal workers who have gone on strike for more pay and shorter hours in this city. Twenty non-union men were brought from Baltimore to-day. The master metal workers claim they cannot grant the demands of the union men, and will declare for the open shop. About eighty men are now out.

**Registers Small Earthquake.**

Albany, N. Y., July 7.—The seismograph at the State Museum registered a small earthquake late last night, according to an announcement to-day. The first waves arose at 11. The tremor was of slight amplitude. The calculations from the records indicated that it was about 1,500 miles distant.

**Make the Liver Do its Duty**

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Careful attention to the liver is the key to health, and distress after eating.

Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear signature.

*Wm. Wood*

**NEGRO IS LYNCHED**

Police Say He Had Confessed to Robbery and Arson.

Little Rock, Ark., July 7.—Samuel Powell, a negro charged with robbery and arson, was hanged by a mob at Huttig, Ark., last night, according to a dispatch received to-night.

Powell, eighteen years old, burglarized the home of a prominent citizen of Huttig of \$100, and then fired the building. He confessed, the police say. The trial prison which housed Powell was broken into without much effort by the mob. The fact that the negro had been hanged was not generally known until his body was found to-day.

**Murray—Harford.**

Winchester, Va., July 7.—Joseph D. Murray and Miss Ada Harford, daughter of the late William A. Harford, of Winchester, were married yesterday in Washington by Rev. James P. Colbert. The bride left yesterday to spend some time with her sister in Washington, and the announcement of her marriage was a complete surprise here.

**Heavy Order for Equipment.**

**Kaufmann & Co.**

**Sale of Lingerie Waists**

Only 15 dozen in this lot, including all sizes. You have three styles to choose from. Among them are embroidered fronts, also plain tailored, with tiny tucks; others with stripes of Hamberg inserting; open front; they are usual \$1.25 grade; to-day..... **62c**

**Chiffon Silk Net Waists**

Only twenty-two Waists in this lot, in colors; some tailor-made, with entire waist and sleeve tucked; others with fancy net yoke, soutache braid to match; \$5.00 values; to-day..... **\$2.98**

**SIGNS ORDERS FOR WITHDRAWAL**

President Taft Takes Millions of Acres of Land From Public Domain.

Beverly, Mass., July 7.—Continuing his policy of practical conservation, President Taft late to-night signed orders withdrawing 25,373,164 acres of coal lands from the public domain in the States of North and South Dakota, Washington, Utah, Colorado and the Territory of Arizona.

Of the total withdrawals 20,636,469 acres are new, while 14,374,695 acres are covered in confirmations and ratifications under the new law approved June 15 of withdrawals made during the past four years by both Presidents Roosevelt and Taft.

North and South Dakota are the two States affected by the new withdrawals. From the public domain in North Dakota the President has withdrawn from settlement 1,323,182 acres of lands believed to contain workable coal. In South Dakota the amount withdrawn is 2,870,237 acres. Previous withdrawals confirmed by the President to-night are divided among the several States as follows:

Washington, 2,207,367 acres; Arizona, 151,350 acres; Utah, 5,814,237 acres; and Colorado, 1,130,000 acres.

The withdrawal orders, prepared by the Geological Survey and approved by the Secretary of the Interior, reached Beverly from Washington late to-night.

All of the withdrawals and confirmations were made under the new law passed at the last session of Congress, which definitely authorized the President to withdraw various lands from entry pending their classification and special disposition by Congress. The President urged this law as the first step in his plan for practical conservation.

**REFUSE TO DISCUSS IT**

Western Union Officials Silent on Discontinuance of Brokers' Wires.

New York, July 7.—Without explanation and without warning, the Western Union Telegraph Company discontinued its service to-day to brokers in ten cities of this State and Pennsylvania. The cities affected are: Pittsburgh and Johnstown, Pa.; Syracuse, Ithaca, Rome, Utica, Gloversville, and Watertown and Cortland, of this State.

Executive officers of the company took the stand to-day that, under advice of counsel, they could not discuss the company's policy. Officers of the New York Stock Exchange denied the cut in service was in any way instigated by them or that they had any knowledge of it. There were many subterranean rumors that the company was acting on the advice of some one in Washington supposed to be very close to the attitude of the Attorney-General's office, but these could not be confirmed.

Hitherto, the Western Union has always taken the stand that as a common carrier, it had no right to refuse any business offered it, provided such business was couched in decent language. In fact, the company argued emphatically that any attempt by it to investigate the private life of its customers would be inquisitorial and intolerable.

**On Its Own Initiative.**

Washington, D. C., July 7.—It is on its own initiative, not the orders of the Justice Department here, that the Western Union Telegraph Company has discontinued its service to a number of stock brokers' offices in New York State and elsewhere. This was the declaration made to-night by an official of the Department of Justice who played a prominent part in the recent raids made on so-called "bucket shops" by the department. He declared that the company had no right to order the telegraph company to discontinue its service unless it could be proved that it had broken some Federal statute and that this had not been done. One of the brokerage concerns, a Baltimore firm, whose service was stopped yesterday, had an injunction issued to-day, he said, against the telegraph company to compel it to renew its service.

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**Heavy Order for Equipment.**

Baltimore, Md., July 7.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company today placed orders for 4,000 additional freight cars, and will award a contract for another 1,000 road cars. The company also ordered 100 additional locomotives of the Mikado type. The aggregate cost of the equipment

## POINDEXTER KIN TO VIRGINIA PEOPLE

A Cable Ad. Every Day.

**Piano Hospital**

Just as you are preparing to move or to go to the country, the seaside, the mountains or abroad, don't overlook sending your piano to our Piano Hospital, where it can be repaired, parts renewed, case revarnished, ebonized or mahoganyed. We will attend to these things, store it, and, when you return, send your piano back to you practically a new instrument, for only a few dollars' expense.

As a matter of fact, the money will prove an investment by the added value to the piano.

Phone Mad. 2734.

**Cable Piano Co.**

213 East Broad.

satchel and fell 1,500 feet. Mrs. Boyer became hysterical and was restrained by force from leaping after her pet.

After a three hours' search the dog